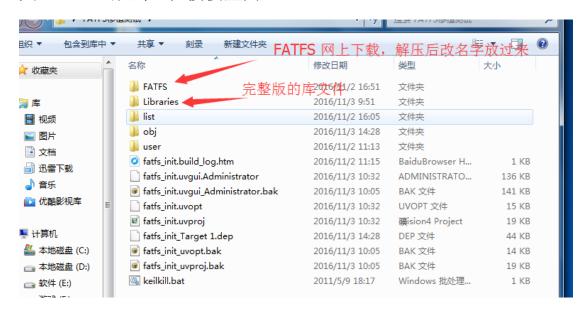
FATFS 文件系统移植教程 韩工

一步一步慢慢来

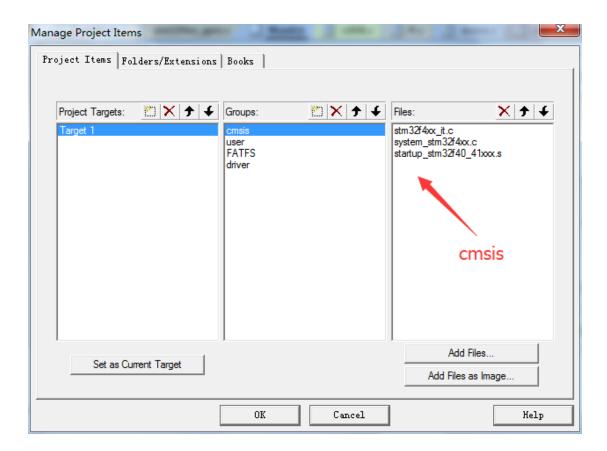
第1步:

将 FATFS 文件夹(官网下载解压改名成 FATFS)和完整的库函数文件 夹 Libraries 放到工程模板里面

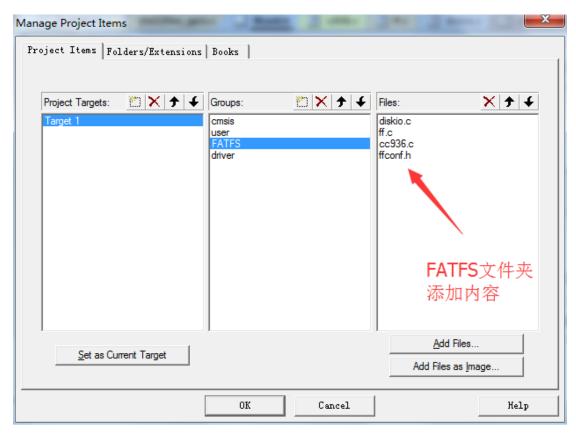


第2步,建工程的时候确保不同文件夹内有这些东西

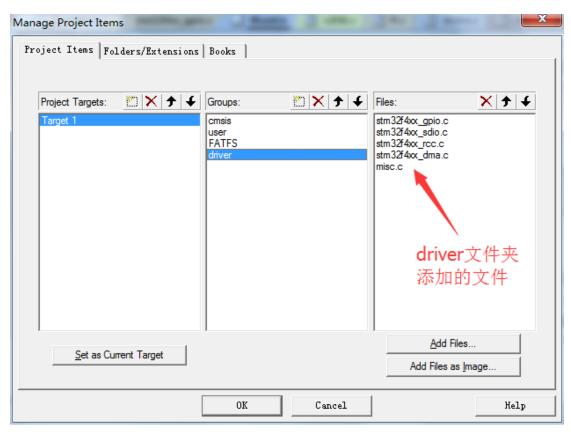
a: CMSIS 文件夹包含文件



b: FATFS 文件夹包含的文件



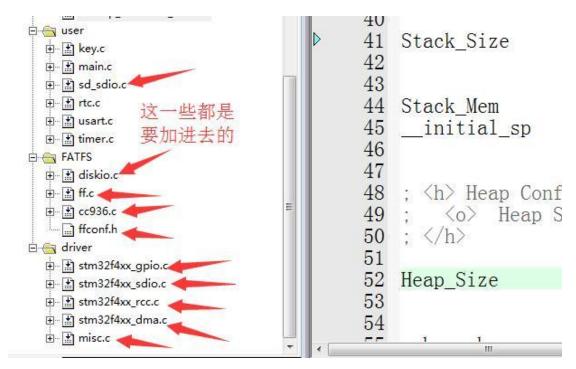
c: driver 文件夹中包含的文件:



- 3: 工程树中需要的设置
- a: C/C++中需要引入库函数支持
- b: include 一栏中将图示的文件夹包含进去

Options for Target 'Target 1'	Age 1 mg 12h	X
Device Target Output Listing User C/C++ Asm Linker Debug Utilities		
Preprocessor Symbols 添加库函数支持		
Define: STM32F40_41xxx,USE_STDPERIPH_DRIVER		
Undefine:		
Language / Code Generation		
Execute-only Code	Strict ANSI C	Wamings:
Optimization: Level 0 (-00) ▼	Enum Container always int	All Wamings ▼
Optimize for Time	Plain Char is Signed	☐ Thum <u>b</u> Mode
Split Load and Store Multiple	Read-Only Position Independent	No Auto Includes
☐ One <u>E</u> LF Section per Function	Read-Write Position Independent	C99 Mode
Include Nuser\inc;.\FATFS\src;.\Libraries\CMSIS;.\Libraries\STM32F4xx_StdPeriph_Driver\inc		
Misc Controls		
Compiler control control string string control control string control co		
OK	Cancel Defaults	Help

4: 建工程成功后确保主界面左边文件夹中有这些文件,其中 sd_sdio.c 放在根目录\user\src, sd_sdio.h 放在根目录\user\inc



- 5: 修改 ffconf.h 配置文件
- a: 中文支持

```
01
   / Locale and Namespace Configurations
70
71
72
   #define CODE PAGE 936
73 p/* This option specifies the OEM code page to be us
74
      Incorrect setting of the tode page can cause a t
75
76
       1 - ASCII (No extended character, Non-LFN cf:
77
       437 - U.S.
       720 - Arabic
78
                                   932改936支持中文
79
       737 - Greek
80
       771 - KBL
81
       775 - Baltic
                       ffconf.h
82
       850 - Latin 1
```

b: 长文件名支持

```
97 /
        950 - Traditional Chinese (DBCS)
98 */
                               本来是0,改成3,支持长文件名
99
100
                                     ffconf.h
101 #define USE LFN
102 #define MAX LFN 255
103 \=/* The USE LFN switches the support of long file name (L)
104
105 /
        O: Disable support of LFN. _MAX_LFN has no effect.
106 /
        1: Enable LFN with static working buffer on the BSS.
107
        2: Enable LFN with dynamic working buffer on the STAC
        3: Enable LFN with dynamic working buffer on the HEAP
108
109
       To enable the LFN, Unicode handling functions (option/
110
       to the project. The working buffer occupies (_MAX_LFN
111
```

6: 修改 startup_stm32f40_41xxx.s 中的堆栈设置,必须修改,不然可以初始化 SD 卡,可以挂载 SD 卡,但是不能创建文件,会报 17 错误

```
40
41 Stack Size
                    EQU
                            1024 * 4
                                                   栈改变
42
43
                            STACK, NOINIT, READWRITE, ALIGN=3
                    AREA
                            Stack_Size
44 Stack_Mem
                    SPACE
45
   __initial_sp
46
                          startup_stm32f40_41xxx.s
47
48
   ; <h> Heap Configuration
49
       <o> Heap Size (in Bytes) <0x0-0xFFFFFFFF:8>
                                                  堆改变
51
                    EQU
                            1024 * 8
52 Heap Size
53
                            HEAP, NOINIT, READWRITE, ALIGN=3
54
                    AREA
```

- 7: 修改 diskio.c 文件
- a:添加 sd_sdio.h 头文件支持,注释掉不需要的设备,将 SD 卡定义为设备 0

```
6 /* This is an example of glue functions to attach various exsisting
 7 /* storage control modules to the FatFs module with a defined API.
                                    添加SD卡头文件
10 #include "diskio.h"
11 #include "sd_sdio.h"
                            FatFs lower layer API */
                                    注释掉不需要的设备
13 /* Definitions of physical drive number for each drive */
14 /#define DEV_RAM 0 /* Example: Map Ramdisk to physical drive 0 *
15 (//#define DEV_MMC
                       )1 /* Example: Map MMC/SD card to physical drive
                       2 /* Example: Map USB MSD to physical drive 2 *
16 //#define DEV_USB
17
18 #define DEV_SD
                                     自己定义SD卡设备,驱动器好为0
19
20 /*-
21 /* Get Drive Status
```

b: 修改 disk_status()获取磁盘状态函数

```
23
24
   DSTATUS disk status (
25
    BYTE pdrv /* Physical drive nmuber to identify the drive */
26 )
27 ₹ {
                                          获取状态函数删除多于的case,
28
   // DSTATUS stat;
                                          直接返回0即可,因为如果初始
29
    int result;
                                          化未通过的话也不会对后面的
30
                                          操作有任何影响
31 | switch (pdrv) {
32
    case DEV SD :
33
      result = 0;
34
      return result;
35
36
    return STA NOINIT;
37
```

c: 修改 disk_initialize()初始化函数

```
45 DSTATUS disk_initialize (
     BYTE pdrv /* Physical drive nmuber to identify
46
47 )
48 ₽ {
49
  // DSTATUS stat;
50
     int result;
                                         初始化函数
51
52 ₱
     switch (pdrv) {
53
     case DEV_SD :
       result = SD_Init();
54
55
       return result;
56
57
     return STA_NOINIT;
58 | }
59
```

d: 修改 disk_read()磁盘读取函数

```
DRESULT disk_read (
67
     BYTE pdrv,
                   /* Physical drive nmuber to ide tify the drive */
                  /* Data buffer to store read data */
68
     BYTE *buff,
     DWORD sector, /* Start sector in LBA */
69
                   /* Number of sectors to read */
70
     UINT count
                                                       读取数据函数
71 )
72 ₽ {
73
     int result:
     switch (pdrv) {
74 \, =
     case DEV SD:
75
       result = SD_ReadDisk(buff, sector, count);
76
77
       return result;
78
     return RES_PARERR;
79
80
```

e: 修改 disk_write()磁盘写入函数

```
stm32f4xx_gpio.c i ffconf.h c936.c i ff.c i diskio.c startup_stm32f40_41xxx.s i system_stm32f4xx.c i ff.h
    88 DRESULT disk_write (
          BYTE pdrv, /* Physical drive nuber to identify the drive *
    89
          const BYTE *buff, /* Data to be wri ten */
DWORD sector, /* Start sector in BA */
                             /* Number of sector to write */
    92
          UINT count
    93 )
                                                        SD卡写入函数
    94 ₽ {
           int result;
    95
    96
          switch (pdrv) {
    97 
    98
           case DEV_SD :
    99
             result = SD_WriteDisk((u8 *)buff, sector, count);
   100
             return result;
   101
   102
          return RES_PARERR;
   103
```

f:添加 disk_ioctl()额外功能函数 (图片可以放大的)

g: 添加 malloc/free 函数

```
150
                                             内存申请,释放函数
151 #include "stdlib.h"
                                       /* Allocate memory block */
153 void* ff_memalloc (UINT msize)
154 ₽ {
                                              不要忘记添
155
     return malloc(msize);
156 }
                                              加头文件
157 void ff_memfree (void* mblock)
                                      /* Free memory block */
158 ₽ {
159
      free (mblock);
160 }
161
162
#include "rtc.h"
```

h:添加 get_fattime()获取修改时间函数

```
星 🔊 🚹 🖶 💠 🐡 🚳
    163 #include "rtc.h"
                                      别忘了RTC头文件,此函数自
     164 DWORD get fattime (void)
                                      动调用RTC,需要先实现RTC
     165 ₽ {
     166
          u32 date:
     167
     168
          date =
     169
          ((date time.year+20) << 25)
     170
     171
          (date_time.month << 21)
                                     获取修改文件时间函数
          (date_time.day << 16)
     172
          (date_time.hour << 11 )
     173
          (date_time.min << 5)
     174
          ( date time. sec )
     175
     176
         return date;
     177
     178
         TWO IN THE TANK
```

另外在 sd_sdio.c 文件里面有一部分是汇编语言写的编辑器打红叉,但是编译的时候不会报错,也不影响 FATFS 的使用,谁知道的来解释一下?

```
7
  //关闭所有中断(但是不包括fault和NMI中断)
    asm_void_INTX_DISABLE(void)
9
10 □ {
    CPSID
11
            Ι
                                sd_sdio.c里面有一部分用汇
12
            LR
    BX
                                编写的会提示错误,但是不
13 \}
                                管貌似也可以正常使用
  //开启所有中断
14
    asm_void INTX_ENABLE(void)
15
16 ₽ {
17
    CPSIE
            Ι
18
    BX
            LR
19
20
21
22
```

这样就可以了!可以在 main()里面调用 API 函数进行各种文件操作了!